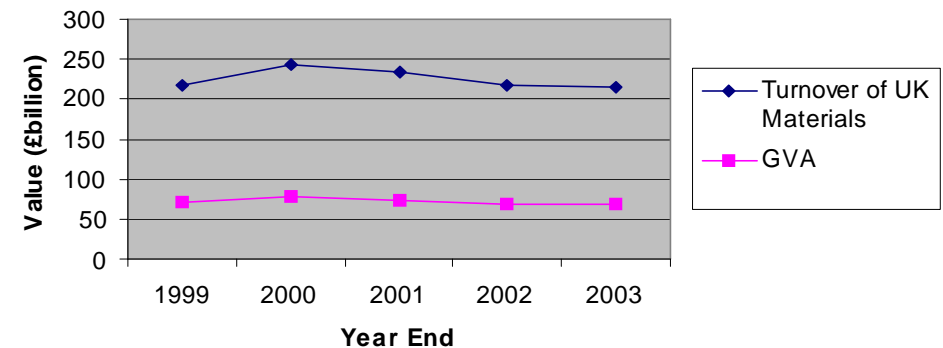


# UK Materials Strategy

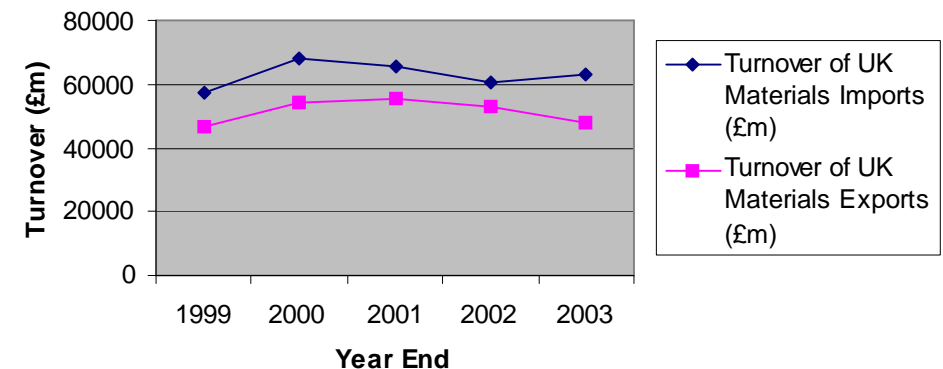
## Importance of Materials

- Combined annual UK turnover around £200bn
- UK exports around £50bn
- Key to innovation in many sectors
- UK has world-class reputation in materials knowledge

Trend in Turnover & GVA of UK Materials

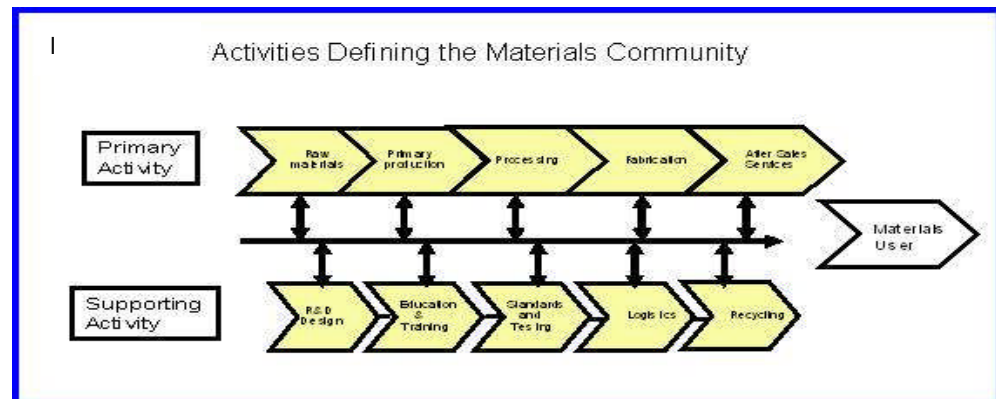


Trend in Import/Export Trade in Materials for UK



## Who is in the Materials Value Network

- Raw Materials producers
- Materials manufacturers and downstream processors
- Materials users
- Researchers, Architects, Designers and Specifiers
- Education and Skill Providers
- Fund Providers
- Government



## Challenges Facing Materials

- Measures to mitigate Climate Change
- Energy costs
- Raw materials costs and availability
- Capital intensity
- Competitive pressures - global market dynamics
- Skills shortage

## What is UK doing to address challenges?

- Development of National Strategy for Materials
- Advanced Materials - a key pillar in funding priorities
- Materials UK - a representative body for all in Materials value network
- Materials KTN – a key delivery channel for technology/knowledge transfer

## Materials is one of the Key Technology Areas for TSB

### Advanced Materials

Electronics and Photonics

Information and Communication Technologies

Bioscience and Healthcare Technologies

Sustainable Production and Consumption

Emerging Energy Technologies

Design Engineering and Advanced Manufacturing



## DTI Technology Strategy

- ❑ Technology Strategy Board
- ❑ Annual Report 2006
  
- ❑ Technology Strategy Board - A call to action



## Formulation of Materials Technology Strategy

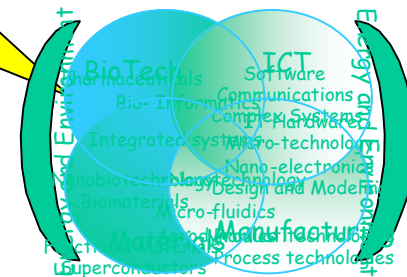
### Strategic Role of Materials IGT

- Business-led identification of technology priorities
- Informed by developments in international research base but focussed on business-pull
- Strong role of Materials Innovation & Growth Team
  - Broad materials community input
  - All materials
  - Production and downstream processing
  - Supply chain issues
  - Engaged end-users &
  - Policy stakeholders, e.g. DEFRA, MOD, EPSRC, RDAs

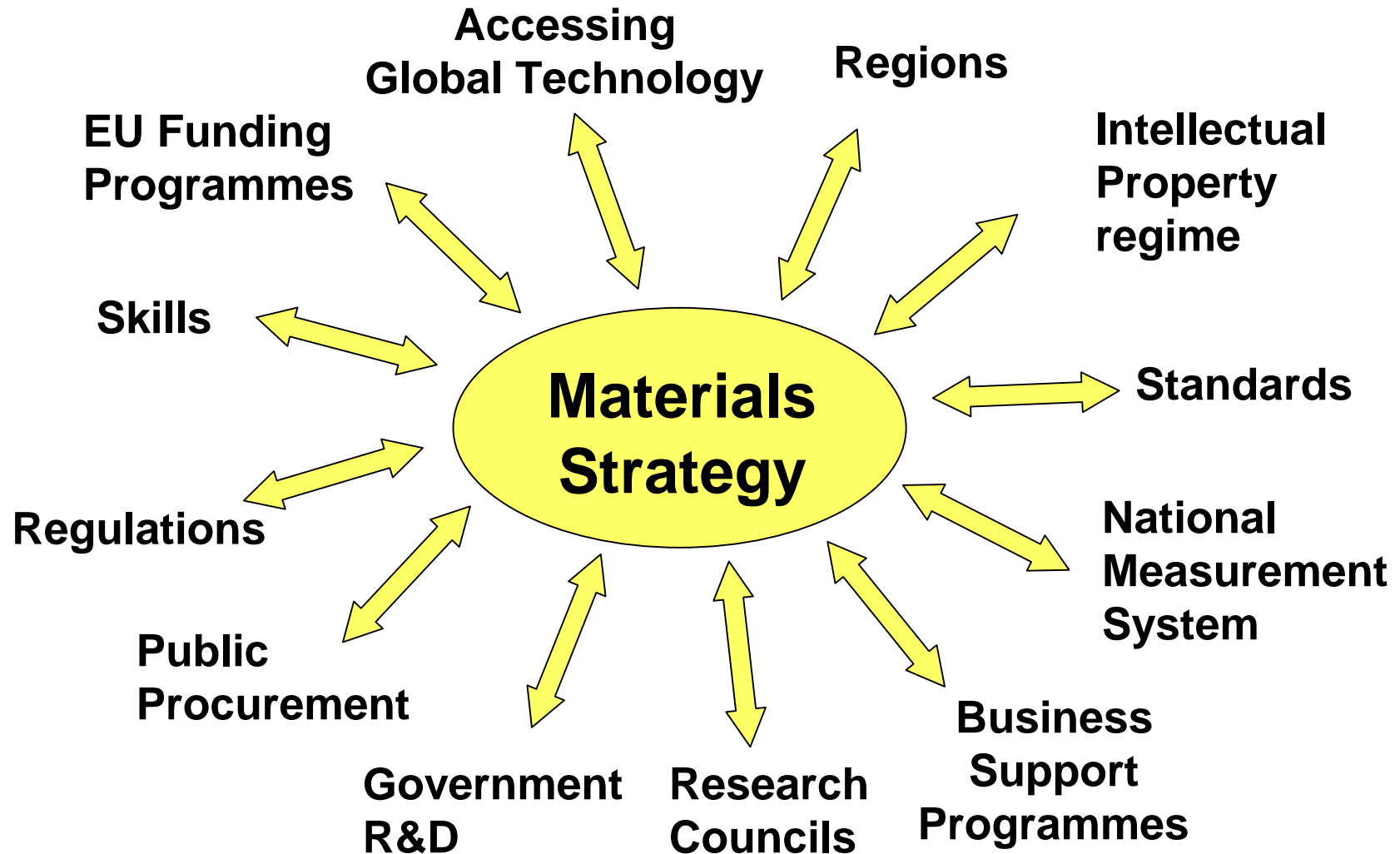


## Your Opinion Counts

- Innovation Growth Teams (IGTs),
- Innovation Age Partnership (IAP),
- International Networks
- Technology Networks
- Foresight panels,
- Faraday Partnerships,
- Research Council,
- Existing programme boards
- Industry & Industry groups such as CBI,
- Chambers of Commerce,
- Professional Institutes,
- Trade Associations,
- Academic groups



## Strategy Implementation: A Networked Approach



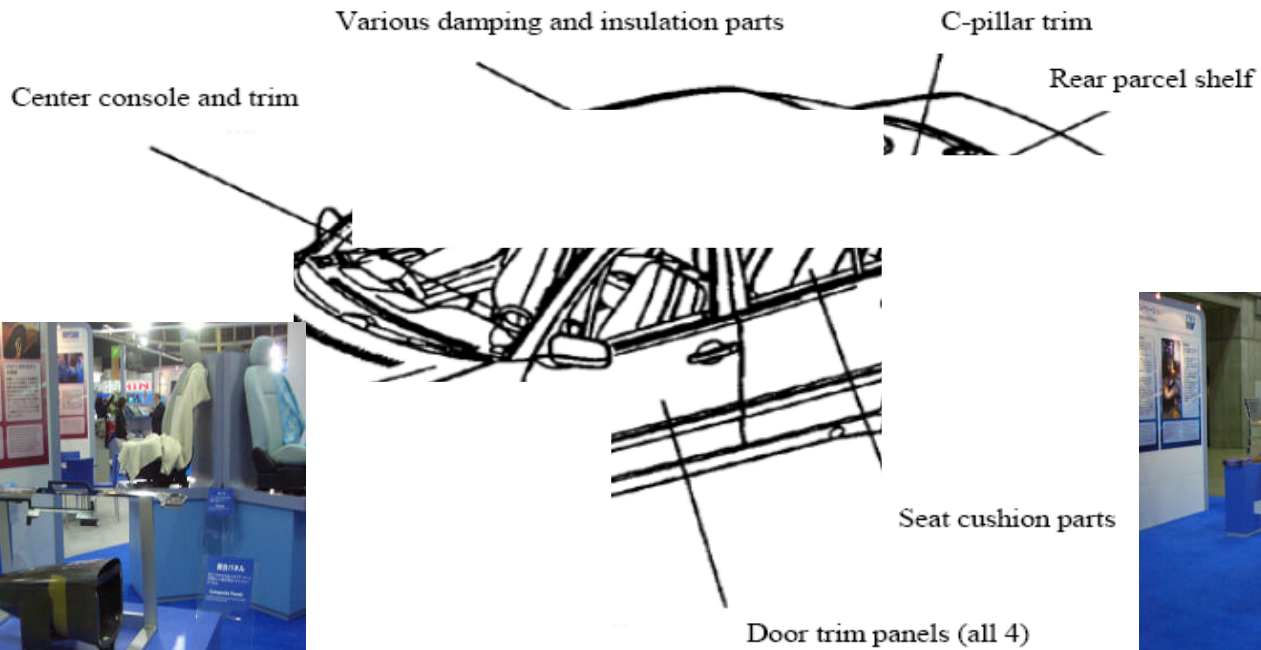
# Materials Technology Priorities

- **Development of New Materials**
  - Structural materials, including light alloys and composites
  - Functional materials, e.g. plastics electronics and sensors
  - Multifunctional materials, e.g. Smart materials
  - Biomaterials, including biomimetics
  - Nanomaterials/modifiers
- **Development of New Processes**
  - Improved automation and testing
  - Low energy, low emission processes
  - Low waste processes
  - Alternative feedstock, e.g. renewable materials
- **Developments in Modelling**
  - Multi-scale predictive modelling
  - Modelling for design
  - Validation of design data
- **Materials for Sustainable Production and Consumption**
  - Materials for energy – e.g. generation, storage, transmission and efficient use
  - Recyclable materials – underpinning all developments
  - Materials for a re-use economy
  - Design for sustainability

## Materials for Sustainable Production and Consumption

- Generation, storage, transmission and use of energy
- Efficient use of water, raw materials and other resources in production processes
- Minimising waste generation and maximising recycling and re-use of materials
- Eco-design of products for sustainability, including demountable structures
- Lightweighting of structural components
- Increased use of renewable materials

## Use of renewable materials



## Lightweight Structures

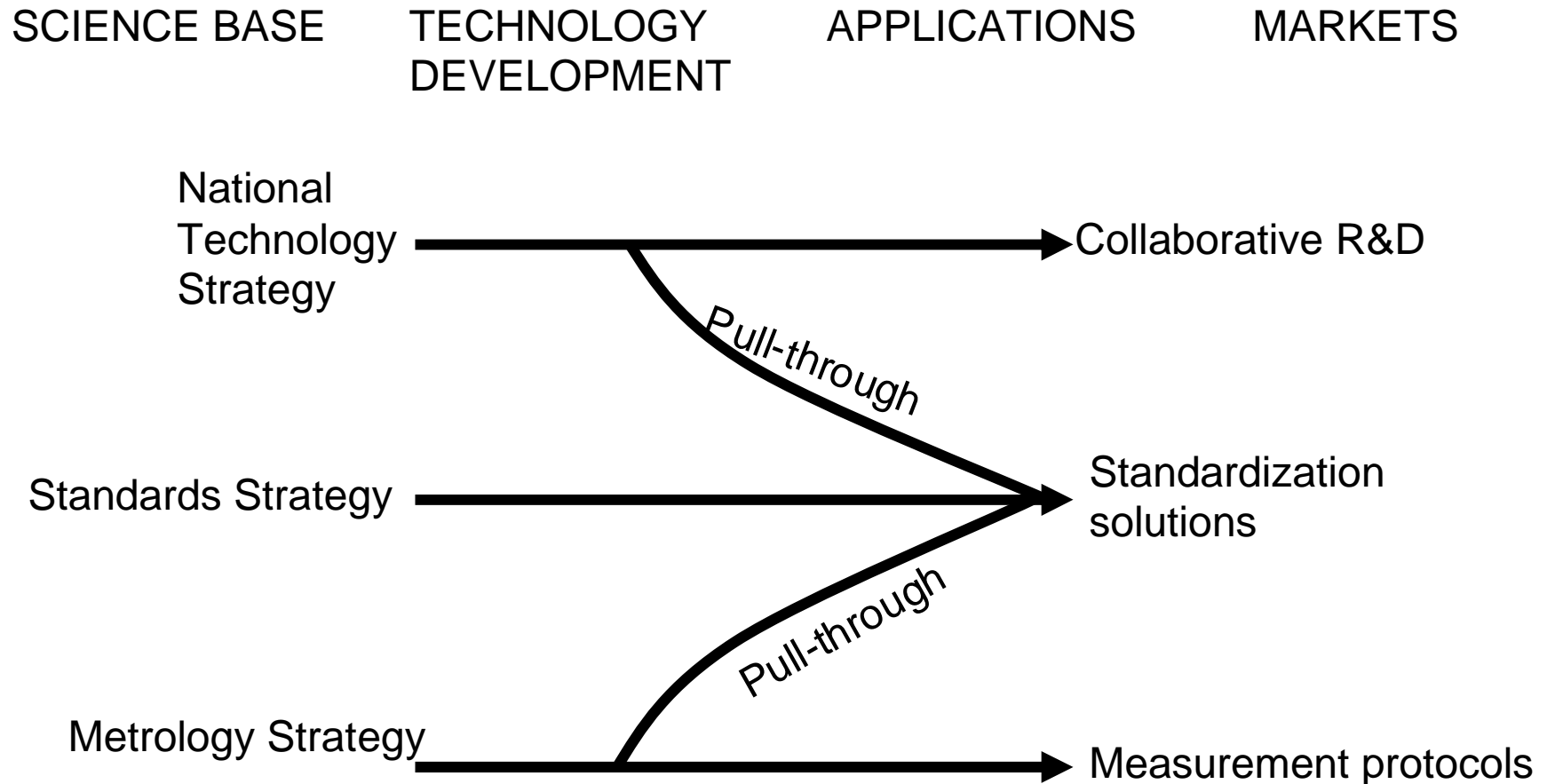
- The development of recyclable polymer matrix composites
- Ceramic matrix composites and nickel alloys for high temperature applications
- Magnesium, aluminium and titanium alloys for ultra lightweight applications
- Advanced high strength steels and metal foams for lightweight high tensile structures
- Lightweight paper and board for trims and packaging
- Application of novel design concepts to achieve lightweight structures
- Optimisation of structural integrity through use of
  - protective coatings,
  - honeycomb or bonded structures,
  - advanced joining techniques, use of hybrid materials
  - **challenge to maintain crash-worthiness**
  - improvement in wear and fire resistance.

## Exemplar: Automotive Materials

Materials for sustainable developments

- Low Carbon and Fuel Cells
- Materials for high density hydrogen storage solutions
- Higher temperature/compact powertrain design
- Functional materials for harsh environments
- Advanced lubricants and coatings

## Market-Driven Innovation





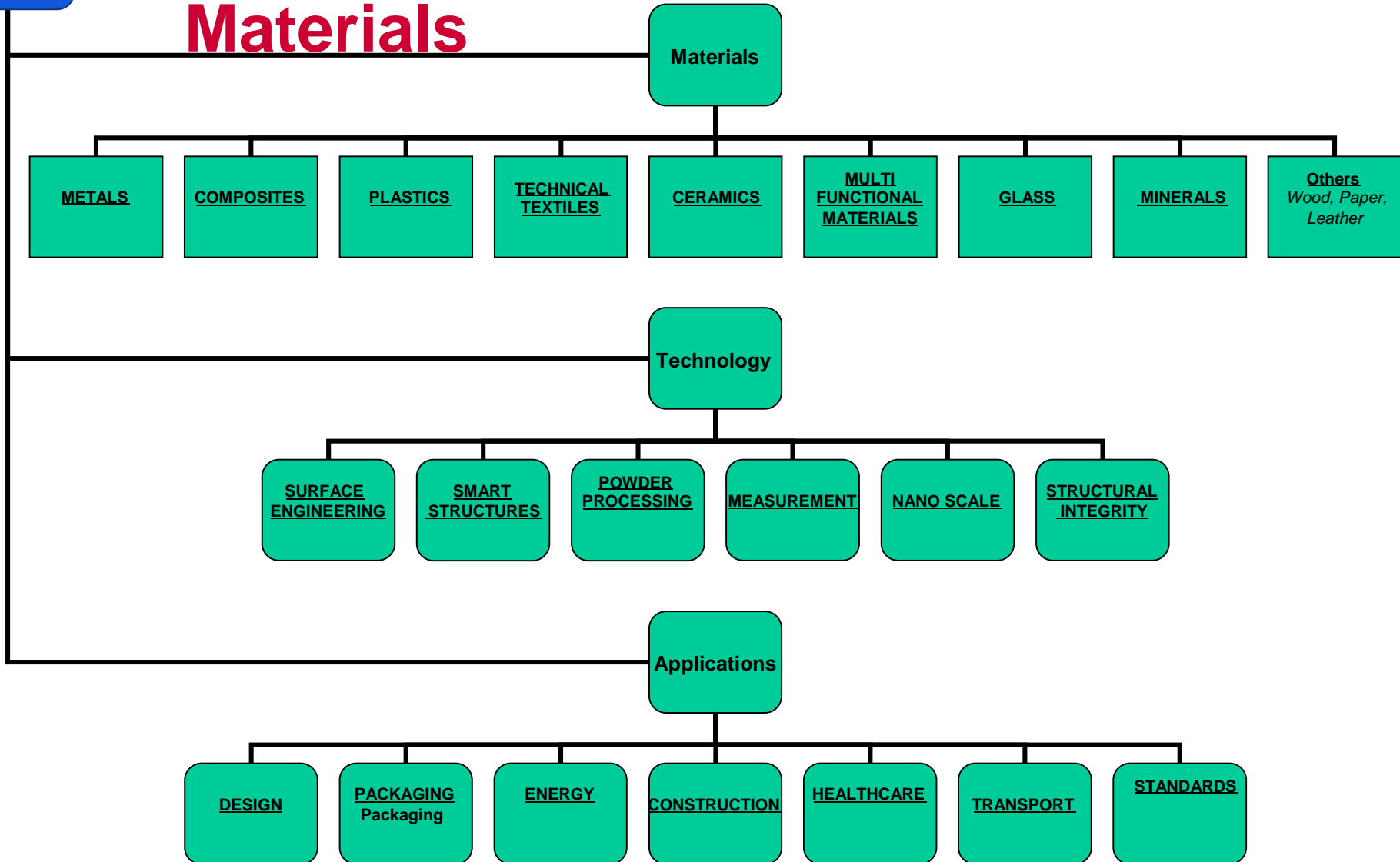
## Technology Programme funding – since April 04

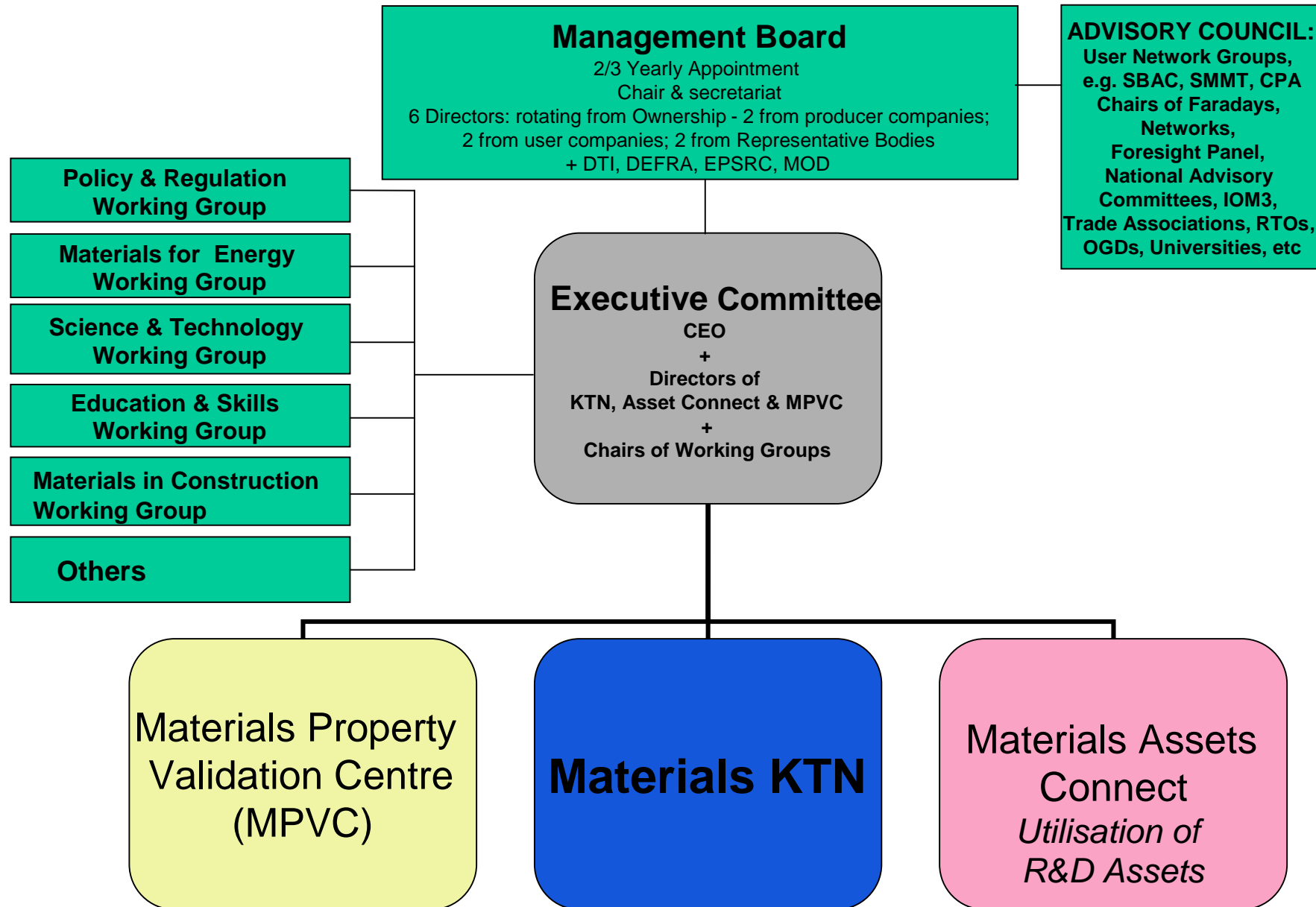
- Not just DTI – cross Government
  - DEFRA, MOD, EPSRC, RDAs
- Over £120m for collaborative R&D for materials
  - Business funding over £70m
  - Government support over £50m
- Over £900m total for collaborative R&D
  - Business match funding around £465m
  - Government support around £435m

# Provides Industry Connectivity



# Scope of knowledge transfer in Materials





# NETWORK GROUPS IN MATERIALS KTN



# NETWORK GROUPS IN MATERIALS KTN

